

1. IDENTIFICATION

Product Identifier

Product Name AdBlue® Aqueous Urea Solution Synonyms AUS 32, DEF (diesel exhaust fluid)

Other Means of Identification

Not available

Recommended Use &

Urea & water additive to be used for injection into diesel SCR exhaust

systems.

Restrictions of Use

Use as directed by engine manufacturer.

Supplier's Details

Company Go Blue

Address Unit 1 / 1 McDowell St., Welshpool WA 6106

Telephone 1300 325 675

Email office@goblue.com.au Website www.goblue.com.au

Emergency Telephone Number

Association Poison Information Centre

13 11 26 **Telephone Number**

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the Substance/Mixture

Poisons Schedule Not Applicable Classification Not Applicable

Label Elements

GHS Label Elements Not Applicable Hazard Statement/s Not Applicable

Precautionary Statements - Prevention

Not Applicable

Precautionary Statements - Response

Not Applicable

Precautionary Statements - Storage

Not Applicable

Precautionary Statements - Disposal

Not Applicable



3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substances Mixture of demineralised water & urea.

Mixtures

CAS No. % (weight) Name

7732-18-5 67.5% +/- 0.7% Demineralized water

57-13-6 32.5% +/- 0.7% Urea

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General Information Not expected to be a health hazard when used under normal conditions

• Flush eye with copious quantities of water.

• If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medial attention.

Skin Contact • Remove contaminated clothing.

• Flush exposed area with water and follow by washing with soap if

available.

Inhalation • No treatment necessary under normal conditions of use.

• If symptoms persist, obtain medical advice.

No treatment necessary unless large quantities are swallowed.

• If symptoms persist, obtain medical advice.

Indication of immediate medical attention/special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing Media No restriction on the type of extinguisher that may be used.

Special hazards arising from the chemical

• When heated, releases ammonia.

• When heated to decomposition, releases toxic fumes of nitrogen oxides, ammonia, cyanuric acid.

Advice for Fire Fighters

Fire Fighting

• Clear fire area of non-emergency personal.

• Alert fire brigade: define location, nature of hazard.

• Wear personal safety equipment: breathing apparatus, gloves.

• Use fire fighting procedures suitable for the surrounding environment.



6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASES MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

See 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Environmental precautions

See 12. Ecological information

Methods & materials for containment & cleaning up

Containment • Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

• Use absorbent material such as sand, earth, vermiculite.

Major spill • Alert fire brigade: define location, nature of hazard. Clean up

• Use absorbent material such as sand, earth, vermiculite.

7. HANDLING & STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

- Use in well ventilated area.
- Properly dispose of contaminated rags or cleaning materials.
- Use personal safety equipment, including safety footwear when drums are being handled.
- Store away from incompatible materials.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Suitable containers

- · Stainless steel.
- Polyethylene (PE)
- Polypropylene (PP)

Incompatible storage Avoid..

- storage/mixing with oxidizing agents.
- Carbon steels, zinc coated carbon steels, mild iron.
- Non-ferrous metals & alloys: copper, copper alloys, zinc, lead.
- Solders containing lead, silver zinc, copper.
- Aluminium, aluminium alloys.
- · Magnesium, magnesium alloys.
- Plastics or metals coated with nickel.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control Parameters

The following materials had no OEL's,

• AdBlue, DEF, AUS 32.

Ingredient Data See separate SDS for UREA

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8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (continued)

Exposure Controls

• remove a hazard or place a barrier between the worker & the hazard. The basic types of engineering controls are,

Appropriate engineering controls

- process controls: change the way a job activity or process is done to reduce the risk.
- enclosure and/or isolation of emission source: keep a selected hazard physically away from the worker and ventilation that appropriately removes or adds air to the work environment.

Personal protection







Eye and face protection

Safety glasses with side shield

• Full face safety visor

Skin protection

See Hands/feet protection below

Hands/feet protection

• Protective gloves e.g. PVC safety gloves

• Safety footwear or safety gum boots e.g. rubber boots

Body protection

Overalls PVC apron

Other protection Thermal protection

-

9. PHYSICAL and CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Clear colourless slightly alkaline liquid with odour of ammonia.

Mixes with water.

Physical State liquid

(water = 1)

Relative density

1.094

OdourSlight ammoniaPartition CoefficientNot Available

Odour threshold Not Available Auto ignition temp. Not Available

pH 9.5 **Decomposition temp.** Not Available

Melting point / freezing point (°C)

Not Available

Viscosity (cSt)

Not Available

Initial boiling point

& boiling range

(°C)

Not Available

Molecular weight (g/mol)

Not Available

Flash point

Not Available

Taste

Not Available

Evaporation rate

Not Available

Explosive properties

Not Available

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Flammability Not Available **Oxidising properties** Not Available

Upper Explosive

Limit

Not Available

Surface Tension

Not Available

Lower Explosive

Limit

Not Available

Volatile Component (% vol)

Not Available

Vapour Pressure

(kPa)

Not Available

Gas Group

Not Available

Solubility in Water

Miscible

pH as a Solution (1%)

Not Available

Vapour Density

(Air = 1)

Not Available

VOC (g/L)

Not Available

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity See 7. Handling and Storage

· Product is considered stable. **Chemical stability**

• Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Possibility of hazardous reactions See 7. Handling and Storage

Conditions to avoid See 7. Handling and Storage

See 7. Handling and Storage Incompatible materials

Hazardous decomposition materials See 7. Handling and Storage

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information of toxicological effects

Skin contact

Eye contact

There is some evidence to suggest that the material can cause Inhalation respiratory irritation in some persons. The body's response to such

irritation can cause further lung damage.

Urea may cause irritation to the digestive tract, nausea, vomiting, Ingestion

diarrhea, salt depletion, headache, confusion.

The material may cause skin irritation after prolonged or repeated exposure and may produce on contact skin redness, swelling, the

production of vesicles, scaling and thickening of the skin.

The material may be irritating to the eye, with prolonged contact causing inflammation. Repeated or prolonged exposure to irritants may produce

conjunctivitis.

Substance accumulation in the human body may occur and may cause Chronic

some concern following repeated or long-term occupational exposure.

AdBlue® TOXICITY IRRITATION Aqueous Urea Solution Not Available Not Available

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12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity

Ingredient	Endpoint	Test Duration (1hr)	Species	Value
Urea	LC50	96	Fish	5 mg/L ⁴
Urea	EC50	48	Crustacea	3910 mg/L ⁴
Urea	EC50	96	Algae or other aquatic plants	42184.758 mg/L ³
Urea	BCF	24	Algae or other aquatic plants	0.05 mg/L ⁴ _
Urea	EC50	384	Crustacea	894.861 mg/L ³
Urea	NOEC	168	Fish	200 mg/L ²

² Europe ECHA Registered Substances – Ecotoxicological Information – Aquatic Toxicity. ³ EPIWIN Suite V3.12 – Aquatic Toxicity Data (estimated). ⁴ US EPA, Ecotox database – Aquatic Toxicity Data

Persistence and degradability

Ingredient Persistence: water/soil Persistence: air

Urea LOW LOW

Bioaccumulative potential and Mobility in soil

IngredientBioaccumulationMobility in SoilUreaLOW (BCF = 10)LOW (KOC = 4.191)

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

Legislation addressing waste disposal requirement may differ by country, state or territory. Each user must refer to laws operating in their area.

This product may be recycled if unused, or if it has not be contaminated so as the make it unsuitable for its intended use.

- Do not allow wash water from cleaning or process equipment to enter storm-water drains.
- It may be necessary to collect all wash water for treatment before disposal.

Product & packaging disposal

- Disposal to sewer may be subject to local laws & regulations and these should be considered first.
- Recycle wherever possible.
- Consult manufacturer for recycling options or consult local or regional waste management authority for disposal if no suitable treatment or disposal facility can be identified.
- Dispose of by: burial in a specifically licensed landfill (chemical and/or pharmaceutical waste), or incineration in licensed apparatus (after admixture with suitable combustible material).
- · decontaminate empty containers.



14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Labels Required

Marine pollutant No

HAZCHEM Not Applicable

Land transport (ADG) NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Air transport (ICAO-

IATA/DGR)

NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Sea transport (IMDG-

Code/GGVSee)

NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code

Not Applicable

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Urea (57-13-6) is found on the following regulatory lists

Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)

National Inventory Status Australia – AICS Υ Υ Canada - DSL Canada – NDSL N (urea) China – IECSC Υ Europe - EINEC/ELINC/NLP Υ Japan – ENCS Υ Korea – KECI Υ Υ New Zealand – NZIoC Υ Philippines – PICCS Υ USA - TSCA

Y = all ingredients are on the inventory.

Legend: N = not determined or one or more ingredients are not on the inventory

and are not exempt from listing (see specific ingredients in brackets)

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Effective Date: 01 January 2017